4 T826/827 Functional Testing

The following test procedures will confirm that the T826/827 has been tuned and adjusted correctly and is fully operational.

Refer to Figure 3.2 for the test equipment set-up.

Note: In this and following sections deviation settings are given first for wide band sets, followed by settings in brackets for narrow band sets [].

Refer to Section 6 where the parts lists, grid reference index and diagrams will provide detailed information on identifying and locating components and test points on the main PCB. The parts lists and diagrams for the memory and VCO PCBs are in Part E.

The following topics are covered in this section.

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4.1 Current Consumption

Connect the T826/827 to a 13.8V power supply.

Connect an RF power meter to the T826/827 output socket.

Check that the current in the 13.8V power cable is less than 120mA.

Key the T826/827 (the "Carrier On" LED should light).

T826 Only: Adjust RV311 (power control) to obtain 25W output power.

Check that the current is as follows:

T826 <4.5A T827 <650mA.

4.2 Output Power

Connect an RF power meter to the T826/827 output socket.

Key the T826/827.

Check that:

T826 the output power adjusts to >30W with RV311 turned fully

clockwise

T827 the output power is $1W \pm 300$ mW.

4.3 Output Frequency

Connect the T826/827 output to a frequency counter via an attenuator pad:

T826 40dB pad T827 20dB pad.

Measure the output frequency and, if necessary, adjust the TCXO (=IC1 in the T826; IC1 in the T827) to trim to the nominal frequency (± 100 Hz).

4.4 Tail Timer

Adjust RV202 fully anticlockwise.

Connect the key line to earth, then disconnect, and check that the T826/827 remains on for at least 3 seconds.

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C4.4

Reset RV202 fully clockwise.

Connect the key line to earth, then disconnect, ensuring that the T826/827 turns off immediately the key line is broken.

Set RV202 for the required tail time.

4.5 Transmit Timer

Check that the transmit timer is enabled as follows:

T826 PL201 pins 1-2 are linked

T827 R257 is in circuit.

Adjust RV201 fully anticlockwise.

Earth the key line.

Check that the T826/827 turns off after approximately 1 minute.

Adjust RV201 fully clockwise.

Open and then earth the key line.

Check that the T826/827 turns off after approximately 3 minutes.

Set RV201 for the required transmit time.

4.6 Frequency Response

If the T826/827 has been correctly adjusted, the pre-emphasis and limiting responses should closely match those shown in Figure 4.1 and Figure 4.2 respectively.

Note 1: The limits shown on these graphs should not be exceeded.

Note 2: The curves are shown for wide band sets.

• Measure the pre-emphasis response as follows:

Reduce the line level to give 1kHz [0.5kHz] deviation at 1kHz.

Sweep the modulation frequency.

The response should closely match that shown in Figure 4.1.

Measure the limiting response as follows:

Set the line level to give 3kHz [1.5kHz] deviation at 1kHz.

Increase the line level 20dB and sweep the modulation frequency.

The response should closely match that shown in Figure 4.2.

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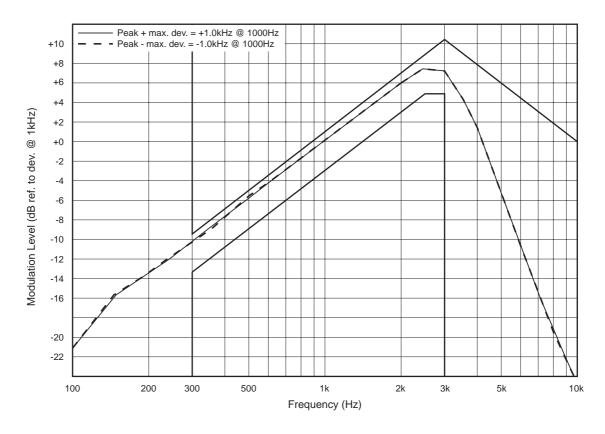


Figure 4.1 T826/827 Pre-emphasis Response

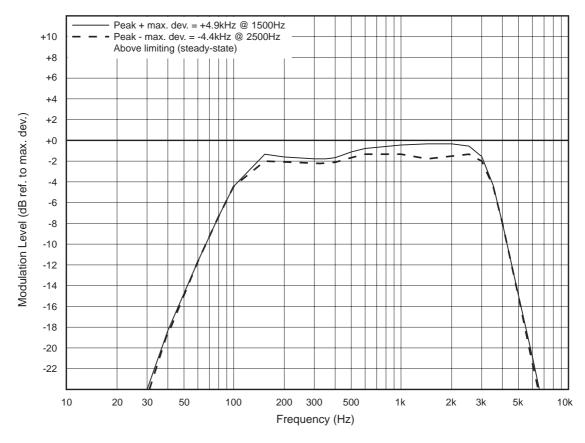


Figure 4.2 T826/827 Limiting Response

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- Adjust RV100 (line sensitivity) fully clockwise.
- Check that the input sensitivities are better than those specified below:

Line Input	600 ohms, 3kHz [1.5kHz] deviation at 1kHz:		
	with compressor	-50dBm	
	without compressor	-30dBm	
Microphone Input	600 ohms, 3kHz [1.5kHz] deviation at 1kHz:		
	with compressor	-75dBm	
	without compressor	-55dBm	
CTCSS Input	1kHz deviation at 150Hz	500mV rms	

Note:

C4.6

A degraded signal to noise ratio can be expected with the compressor selected. The extent of the degradation is dependent on the audio input level.

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